

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: >98% Sodium Hexafluorozirconate

Product Code: NA-FZRO6-018

CAS Number: 16925-26-1

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Scientific research and development

Supplier details:

American Elements 10884 Weyburn Ave. Los Angeles, CA 90024 Tel: +1 310-208-0551 Fax: +1 310-208-0351 Emergency telephone number: +1 800-424-9300

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements Pictogram



Signal word Danger Hazard statement(s) H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Precautionary statement(s) P260 Do not breathe dust or mist. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS Reacts violently with water.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Formula : Na2ZrF6F6Na2Zr Molecular weight : 251.19 g/mol CAS-No. : 16925-26-1 EC-No. : 240-990-3 Hazardous components Component Classification Concentration Sodium hexafluorozirconate Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H314 <= 100 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric

(HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24

hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to

penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the

effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases.

More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician

is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily

occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of

absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets

or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias

should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. If inhaled If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician. In case of skin contact Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.First treatment with calcium gluconate paste. In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Dry powder
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
No data available
5.3 Advice for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
5.4 Further information
No data available

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing Vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate
ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.
For personal protection see section 8.
6.2 Environmental precautions
Do not let product enter drains.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable,

closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters Components with workplace control parameters Component CAS-No. Value Control parameters Basis Sodium hexafluorozirconate 16925-26-1 TWA 5.000000 ma/m3 USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants TWA 5.000000 ma/m3 USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Remarks Not classifiable as a human carcinogen STEL 10.000000 ma/m3 USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen TWA 5.000000 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended **Exposure Limits** ST 10.000000 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended **Exposure Limits** TWA 5 mg/m3 USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants TWA 5 mg/m3 USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen STEL 10 mg/m3 USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen TWA 5 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended **Exposure Limits** ST 10 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended **Exposure Limits** 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Personal protective equipment Eve/face protection Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Skin protection Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. **Body Protection** Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Respiratory protection Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Control of environmental exposure Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties a) Appearance Form: solid b) Odor No data available c) Odor Threshold No data available d) pH No data available e) Melting point/freezing point No data available f) Initial boiling point and boiling range No data available g) Flash point No data available h) Evaporation rate No data available i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available k) Vapor pressure No data available I) Vapor density 8.67 - (Air = 1.0)m) Relative density No data available n) Water solubility No data available o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/ water No data available p) Auto-ignition temperature No data available q) Decomposition temperature No data available r) Viscosity No data available s) Explosive properties No data available t) Oxidizing properties No data available 9.2 Other safety information Relative Vapor density 8.67 - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
No data available
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Reacts violently with water.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Exposure to moisture
10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Other decomposition products - No data available
Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Sodium oxides,
Zirconium oxides
In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity No data available Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available No data available Skin corrosion/irritation No data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation No data available Respiratory or skin sensitisation No data available Germ cell mutagenicity No data available Carcinogenicity IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. Reproductive toxicity No data available No data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard No data available Additional Information **RTECS:** Not available Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. Salivation, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Vomiting, Fever, Rapid respiration, Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia., Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity
No data available
12.2 Persistence and degradability
No data available
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No data available
12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste
disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a
chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US) UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate) Reportable Quantity (RQ): Poison Inhalation Hazard: No IMDG UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A Proper shipping name: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate) IATA UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate)

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302. SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De

Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard Massachusetts Right To Know Components No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act. Pennsylvania Right To Know Components Sodium hexafluorozirconate CAS-No. 16925-26-1 **Revision Date** New Jersey Right To Know Components Sodium hexafluorozirconate CAS-No. 16925-26-1 **Revision Date** California Prop. 65 Components This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. American Elements shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. COPYRIGHT 1997-2022 AMERICAN ELEMENTS. LICENSED GRANTED TO MAKE UNLIMITED PAPER COPIES FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY.